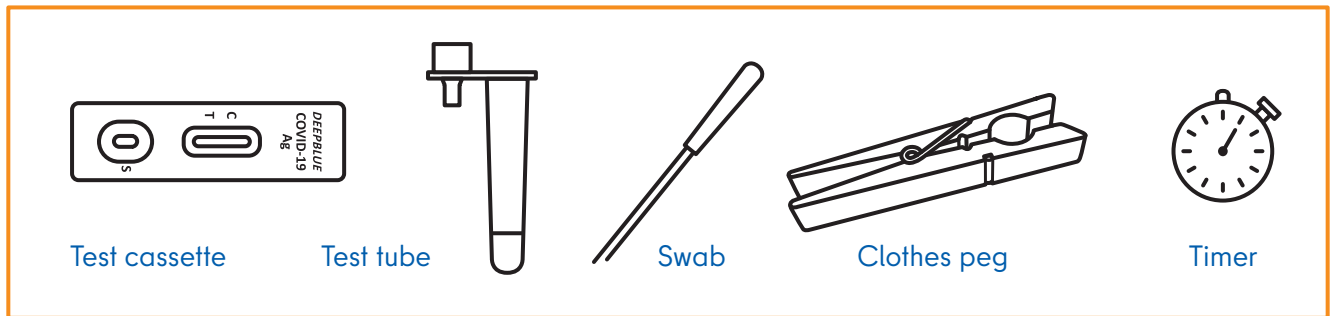




INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING THE LOLLI SELF-TEST

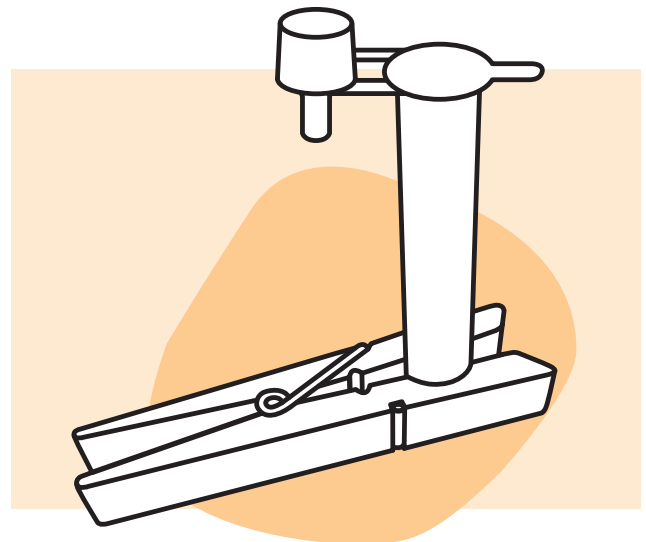
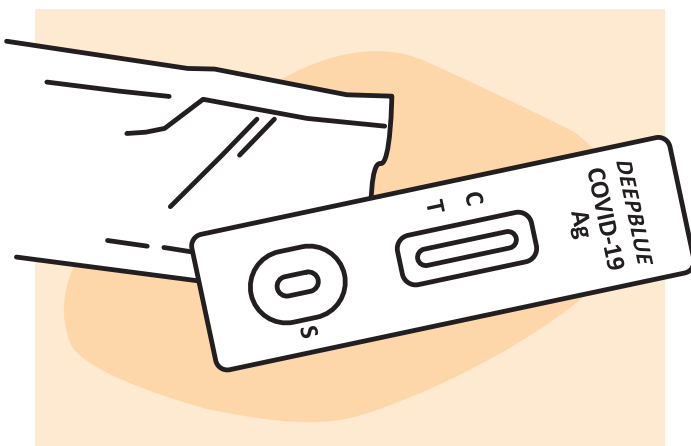
Materials



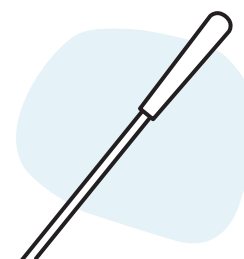
Preparing the test

Get the Lolli test ready with your child. Remove the test cassette from its packaging. Clip a clothes peg onto the sealed test tube containing the testing fluid, or place it in a small glass.

Keep all components of the test away from young children as they can be swallowed.



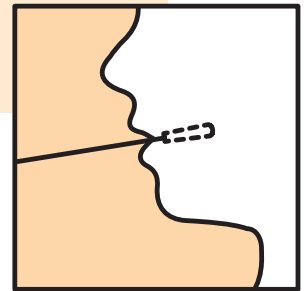
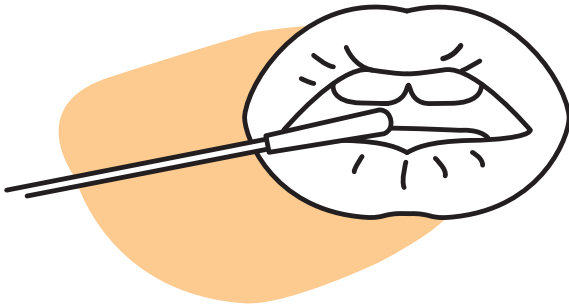
Your child should not eat or drink 30 minutes before the test. Take your time when carrying out the tests with your child. Show them the different parts of the test. Explain the first few steps to your child to help them to understand what is happening. Tell them that you are using the swab to collect some spit from their mouth.



Taking the saliva sample

Remove the swab from its packaging. Use the soft-tipped end of the swab to collect a sample from your child's tongue and mouth. Try to use the swab to sample saliva from as many areas of the mouth as possible. Explain what you are doing as you go along, and why you are doing it.

You can also have your child put the swab in their mouth like a lollipop or spoon, rolling it around in their mouth.



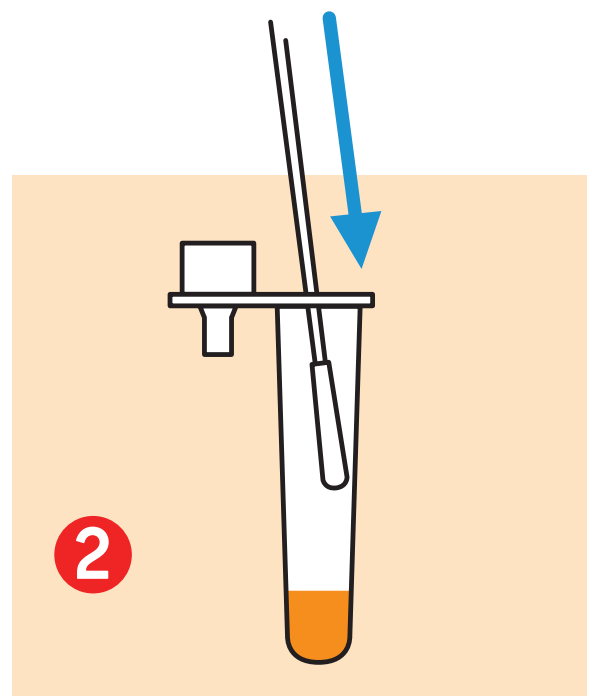
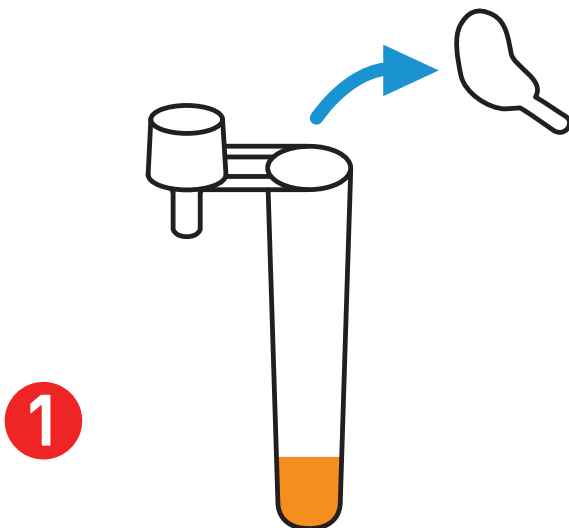
Make sure you give your child praise for how well they are doing the test.



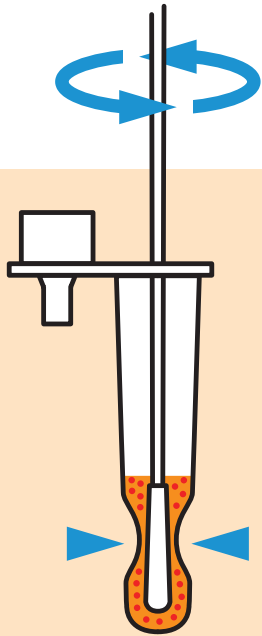
After one minute, you will have collected enough saliva on the swab. Take the swab out of your child's mouth. They can now either play for a few minutes or continue watching how the test works.

Testing the saliva sample

Open the ready-to-use test tube.
Insert the swab with your child's saliva sample.



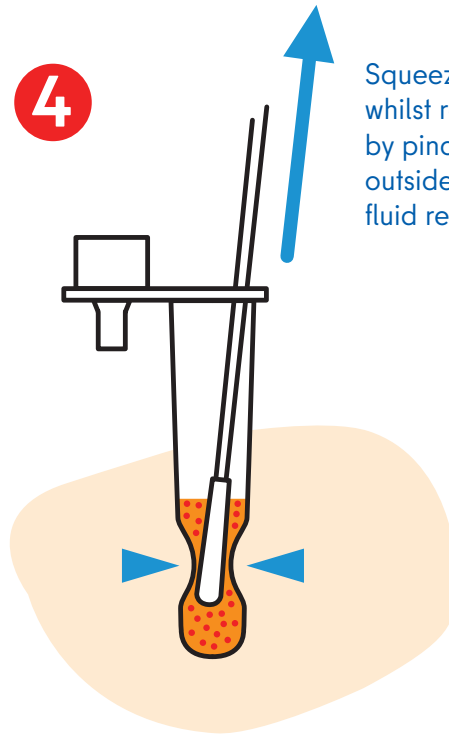
3



Twist the swab in the fluid. Squeeze the swab tip up against the wall of the test tube to release the saliva sample.

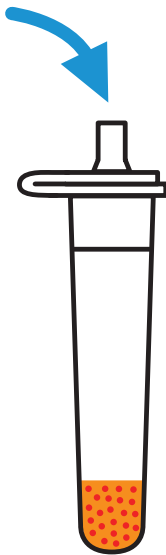
10 Sek

4



Squeeze the test tube whilst removing the swab by pinching it from the outside so that plenty of fluid remains in the tube.

5

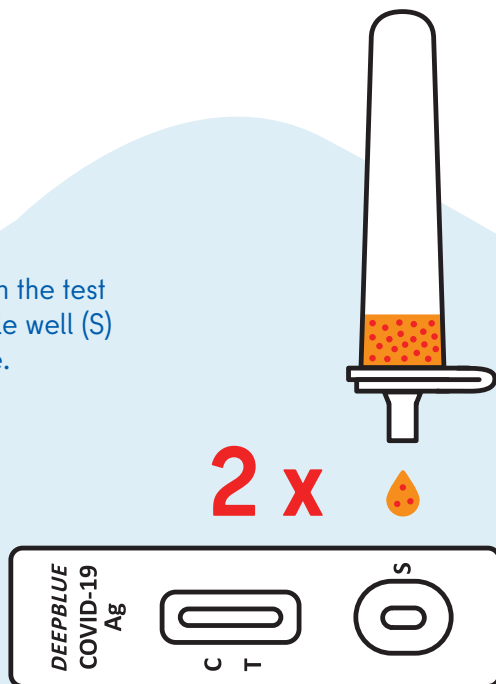


Close the dropper cap onto the test tube opening.

6

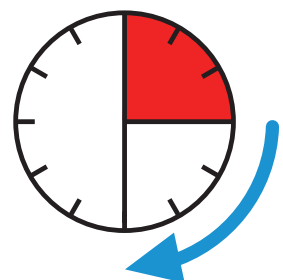
Add two drops from the test tube into the sample well (S) on the test cassette.

2 x




7

Wait 15 minutes before you read the result.



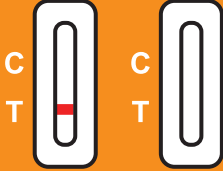

Reading the result

C on the test cassette stands for 'Control', and T means 'Test'. If a line appears at C, then the test result is negative. If a line appears at T, then the result is positive. Even a pale line appearing at T means a positive result.



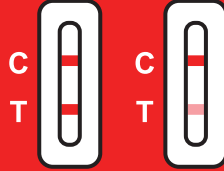

Negative

Coloured line at Control (C)




Invalid/uncertain

No line at Control (C)



Positive

Coloured line at both Control (C) and Test (T)




Your child can visit their day-care centre/ kindergarten.



Repeat the test with new materials.




Let the day-care centre/ kindergarten know that you child will not be attending.



Please go with your child to an official test centre for a follow-up PCR test.

Take the positive test with you to the follow-up PCR test.



Test centres for follow-up PCR testing

Disposing of the test



Dispose of any used tests with a negative result as part of well-sealed household waste.

www.einfach-testen.berlin